PA-SI-75-1 annual

ryegrass pasture sample costs



Agricultural Extension
University of California
Imperial County
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Cost Data Sheet No. 6

UC Cooperative Extension

ANNUAL RYEGRASS PASTURE -- PROJECTED PRODUCTION COSTS

Mechanical operations at custom rates. Labor at \$3.50 per hour (\$3.00 plus Social Security, Unemployment insurance, and fringe benefits).

OPERATION	Custom Rate	MATERIAI Type	.S Cost	HAND LABOR Hours Dollars	SAMPLE COSTS Per Acre
LAND PREPARATION					
Disc 2x Deep Fertilize Border Float 2x TOTAL LAND PRE	4.50 4.00 4.50 4.00	100# N	13.00		\$ 9.00 17.00 4.50 8.00 \$ 38.50
GROWING PERIOD	PARATION			:	Ψ 30.20
Plant Irrigate llx Fertilize 3x	4.50	Seed 40# 0 3.5 ac ft 200# N @	-	3.86 13.50	11.70 25.75 26.00
GROWING PERIOD & LA	\$ 63.45 \$ 101.95				
Land Rent (new leas Cash Overhead - 15% TOTAL PREHARVE	of growin	g. land prep	and land re	ent	80.00 27.29 \$ 209.24

Based on 700 pounds of beef produced per acre the cost per pound of gain would be:

29.89¢

Cost per Cwt of Gain

Ave.

Calculations below show the cost per cwt of gain at various stocking rates and rates of gain based on the sample cost sheet. The grazing period was assumed to be 150 days.

EFFECTS OF AVERAGE DAILY GAIN AND STOCKING RATE ON COSTS PER CWT GAIN Stocking Rate (Steers per Acre)

Daily													
Gain	2.00	2.25	2.50	2.75	3.00	3.25	3.50	3.75	4.00	4.25	4.50	4.75	5.00
1.0	69.75	62.00	55.80	50.66	46.50	42.88	39.86	37.17	34.87	32.80	31.00	29.35	27.90
1.1	63.41	56.40	50.66	46.09	42.27	39.04	36.20	33.80	31.70	29.85	28.16	26.69	25.36
1.2	58.12	51.66	46.50	42.27	38.75	35.77	33.21	31.00	29.06	37.35	25.83	24.47	23.25
1.3			42.88										
1.4			39.86										
1.5			37.17										
1.6			34.87										
1.7			32.80										
1.8			31.00										
1.9	36.71	32.64	29.35	26.69	24.47	22.60	20.97	19.57	18.35	17.28	16.31	15.45	14.68
2.0			27.90										

GENERAL INFORMATION: The acreage and value for annual ryegrass pasture during the last four years are given below.

YEAR	ACRES	VALUE/ACRE
1971	21000	120.00
1972 1973	27000	125.00
1974	29000 17000	130.00 164.00
	17000	104.00

SOIL PREPARATION: A uniform seed bed is a prerequisite to a good stand. High spots in the field cause an uneven germination, irrigation and poor stands results. On land that has very little to no side fall the borders should be made relatively wide, normally 70 feet. If the field is not very level then borders need to be much narrower.

PLANTING RATES, DATES

Plant from 20 to 40 pounds of annual ryegrass per acre. Heavier rates may be needed on soils high in salt. Ryegrass may be planted from mid-September through November. Early plantings in September are excellent if weather has cooled down. Most any annual ryegrass variety does well in the Imperial Valley. When in doubt consult your local farm advisor.

FERTILIZATION

Apply one hundred pounds of nitrogen as NH3 preplant. Then apply fifty units of N as ammonium nitrate or NH3 in the water after each pasturing or as needed. Approximately 200 pounds of total N should be applied during the growing season. The amount to apply depends on the previous crop. Ryegrass needs a lot of nitrate for economic returns but "don't overdo it" as nitrate poisoning may result. Toxic levels, when present, are normally found in rapidly growing plants. Imperial Valley soils usually contain sufficient phosphorous for ryegrass production if phosphates have been applied to other crops in the rotation.

IRRIGATION

Ryegrass usually thrives under moist soil conditions. Usually quick applications of irrigation water are sufficient unless leaching of salts is intended. Ryegrass will need about eleven irrigations during the growing period.

WEED CONTROL

Weed control is not normally necessary in ryegrass pasture. 2,4-D gives excellent control of broadleaf plants if weed control measures are needed.

PASTURING

Normally it takes less than three months (approximately 75 days) under good conditions from planting to pasturing ryegrass.

Ryegrass is normally pastured on 28 to 40 day cycle. Four fields are pastured on a 7 to 10 day schedule. Stocking rate on the overall acreage will range from 3 to 5 head per actual acre planted.

If only 1/4 of the overall acreage is pastured at one time, the stocking rate for that area would be 4 x 3-5 cattle per acre of 12 - 20 cattle per acre.

Prepared by
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