GR-NC-68-2

## NONIRRIGATED, HEAD-PRUNED WINE VARIETIES

## VINEYARD ESTABLISHMENT COSTS IN THE NORTH COAST COUNTIES

It takes about 4 years from the time of planting to bring a vineyard into commercial bearing. Only the first 3 years' development costs are presented in this schedule since income from grapes produced in the fourth year is assumed to more than cover current costs. The data were developed in Mendocino, Napa, and Sonoma Counties.

Cost Analysis Worksheet Showing Sample Costs

Prepared by Farm Advisors James V. Lider, Napa County; Robert L. Sisson, Sonoma County; Bruce E. Bearden, Mendocino County; and Extension Specialists A. N. Kasimatis, Viticulturist, and Burt B. Burlingame, Economist.

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George B. Alcorn, Director, California Agricultural Extension Service.

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## COST ANALYSIS WORKSHEET

HEAD-PRUNED, NONIRRIGATED WINE VARIETIES — Sample Costs of Establishing a Vineyard, 1968
Planted 8 feet by 12 feet — 413 vines per acre

\$ 15.00

\$515.39

\$ 16.00

\$173.08

**DEPRECIATION COST** 

Building and equipment

**Total Cash and Depreciation Cost** 

Planted 8 feet by 12 feet - 413 vines per acre									
	COST PER ACRE				COST PER ACRE				
	1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year		1st Year	2nd Y	'ear	· 3rd Year	
PREHARVEST CASH AND LABOR COST				INTEREST ON INVESTMENT @ 6%					
Land preparation (on level land)  Lay out and peg vine location  Dig holes (power auger)  Rootstocks (certified) — @ 25¢ + heel in	\$ 15.50 13.00 13.50	\$	\$	Buildings and equipment — on ½ cost Land — @ \$1,500 Interest — on accumulated cost	\$ 6.60 90.00	\$ 7. 90. 36.		\$ 8.10 90.00 55.13	
and trim, \$2.00	105.25			Total Interest on Investment	\$ 96.60	\$133.	77	\$153.23	
Stakes (treated) — 2×2, 6 feet @ 27¢ Plant vines and set stakes — 413	111.51			TOTAL COST FOR YEAR	\$611.99	\$306.	85	\$293.69	
Water by tank 2 weeks before budding Bud and cover, including rub ber ties	30.00 80.00			TOTAL ACCUMULATED COST*		\$918.	84	\$1212.53	
Budwood (in spected) Uncover and prune rootstock	12.00	14.00	ı		40 ACRES	S PER		RACRE	
Cut rubbers and tops, place collars Prune, tie, train, and brush disposal		52.00 13.00	13.00	TOTAL INVESTMENT IN VINEYARD					
Sulfuring, including sulfur Spray once for mites, including material Cultivation and hand hoe	15.00	6.00	7.00 13.00 15.00	Establish vines — 3 years, no fruit credit Equipment and equipment building	\$ 48,480		\$1	\$1,212	
Misc. labor and material, sucker, retying, rebudding, etc.	8.80	17.60	35.20	(see production cost sheet for details) Land (value shown for illustration only)	11,400 60,000			285 ,500	
County taxes Office, car, and general expenses	27.00	27.00	27.00	TOTAL**	\$119,880	\$2,997		,997	
(5% cash cost) Repairs, except field power	23.83 5.00	7.48 5.00	5.76 5.00	Based on a 40-acre vineyard. Man labor @ \$2.00 a tion insurance and Social Security, but no allowa					
Total Cash and Labor Cost	\$500.39	\$157.08	\$120.96	Tractor cash cost/hour @ \$1.30.  * Any net returns for grapes produced in the third	vear would	reduce	the t	otal accus	

\$ 19.50

\$140.46

- \* Any net returns for grapes produced in the third year would reduce the total accumulated cost accordingly. On the other hand, total establishment costs would be higher if income in the fourth year failed to cover that year's costs.
- \*\* Establishment costs and total investment shown in this table do not include any allowance for special land preparation and treatment, trellising, irrigation, frost protection, or fencing for deer and rabbit control.

## ABOUT THIS SHEET

This sheet is one of two on sample costs of establishing a wine grape vineyard in the north coast counties. The other is for establishment of an irrigated vineyard planted to cane-pruned premium varieties. Also available are data sheets on wine grape production costs for a mature, head-pruned, nonirrigated vineyard and a mature, cane-pruned, irrigated vineyard. The information is for use as a guide in determining the costs of establishing a specific vineyard. It does not represent industry averages.

**LAND PREPARATION** — Costs shown are based on previously cropped and reasonably level valley land. Clearing, leveling, fumigation, etc. would be additional costs, unless reflected in the land value.

**ROOTSTOCKS AND SCION WOOD** — Plant only rootings and scion wood certified by the California Department of Agriculture. If certified buds are not available, carefully inspect the buds used for freedom from disease.

TRAINING AND TRELLISING — This cost sheet assumes the head system, ordinarily used in older vineyards for most spur-pruned varieties. Cordon training may be employed to advantage on vigorously growing varieties planted on fertile soils. This would involve installation of at least a one-wire trellis. Costs for a two-wire trellis are shown in the data sheet for establishing a premium variety vineyard. For particulars on training, see University of California Leaflet 111, Spacing and Training Grapevines.

**FENCING** — Temporary fencing for rabbits may be needed for the first 2 or 3 years of the vineyard. In some locations permanent fencing may be necessary for protection from deer and should be built when the vineyard is planted. Permanent fencing costs for both deer and rabbit control will vary considerably with the individual situation. Some growers have reported costs of 50 to 60 cents per foot of installed fence.

FROST PROTECTION — An additional investment of \$500 to \$800 per acre could be expected if a permanent sprinkler system or a wind machine-heater combination for frost protection is provided. Refer to Agricultural Extension publication, Frost Protection Costs for North Coast Vineyards, AXT—267, available at the county Farm Advisors' office.

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